

Intra-ACP Climate Services and Related Applications Programme – ClimSA

WORKSHOP - SADC Region

Environmental Data Management Systems: ground legacy datasets and monitoring networks' data

Ezio CRESTAZ

South Africa, Johannesburg, June 10^{th –} 13th 2024



Joint Research Centre

Agenda

Presentations from JRC on:

- State-of-the-art in environmental and water ground data management (eg. location and time series as from legacy datasets, monitoring networks);
- EMS (Environmental Monitoring System): design and implementation of an integrated Open (Source)* solution, combina spatio-temporal database and application for effective data management.

Q&A and discussion session - Sharing experiences and views on adopted data management strategies and tools, key features and major bottlenecks

* Further to being based upon Open Source technology, EMS database core component is also open to be integrated in most of leading OS and proprietary GIS, analysis and modelling environments



Objectives

- To introduce challenges and opportunities in standardizing ground legacy datasets and monitoring networks' data, to promote effective data management, analysis, modelling and visualization
- To provide an overview of key concepts and state-of-the art in data validation, normalization and standardization: Electronic Data Deliverables (EDDs, US/EPA -Environmental Protection Agency), data validation, data uploading to spatio-temporal database
- To introduce the design and implementation of EMS, an Open Source Environmental Monitoring System aimed at flexibly supporting sampling/monitoring stations and related time series (eg. meteo-climate, surface/groundwater hydrology, water withdrawal, environmental quality):
 - environmental spatio-temporal database
 - > data validation, editing, visualization for spatio-temporal exploratory analysis applications

Environmental data: tensions in among scales, products and formats

Violeto artesian well, Piauì (Brasil) 700 m deep

Environmental data: challenges and opportunities in standardization

- □ Data file formats, different tools, backup issues
- □ Data duplication and conflicting risks
- Parameters naming conventions (eg. parameters naming, synonyms, internationalisation)
- Data formatting (eg. decimal separator, date/time standards)

Description		P1	P2	P3
Date d'échantillonnage		15-02-2021	15-02-2021	15-03-2021
Nom du paramètre	Unités			
Etilbenzene	µg/l	< 1	< 1	< 1
Stirene	µg/l	< 1	< 1	Non détecté
Toluene	µg/l	< 1	2.6	< 1
m,p-xylene	µg/l	< 0.3	< 0.3	< 0.3
metil t-butil etere (MTBE)	µg/l	19	7.8	6.8

Data standardization: EDD (Electronic Data Transfer) concept

- Need for supporting data transfer through distinct formats and information systems
- □ Use of simple text and spreadsheet (eg. csv, MsExcel), format being standardized based on underlying database relational rules
- Central management of constrains on acceptable values (eg. VVLs Valid Value Lists, database domains)
- □ Data validation, errors reporting and fixing, at file level (and then at database level)
- □ Flexibility in supporting a wide range of data (meteoclimate, hydrology, hydrogeology, etc...)

EDP – EDDs PROCESSING

- Data compilation using standard templates and tools (eg. multiple data formats as CSV, MsExcel, MsAccess)
- Validate locational data (eg. already reported?
 Consistent coordinates and geographic reference system?)
- Validate time series data (eg. already reported? Correct data formats as for dates, measures?)
- Check/correct errors iteratively until clean data set are consolidated
- Validated data are transmitted and uploaded to centralized database

EDDs: proprietary solutions

EQUIS software suite from EarthSoft, firm specialized in data management solutions, with applications in sectors as mining, water quantity, water quality, groundwater

https://earthsoft.com/

Key features include:

- Centralized spatio-temporal database, using ESRI geodatabase paradigms implemented on different advanced relational database platforms (eg. Oracle, PostgreSQL/PostGIS)
- Database automatically fed-in through live data generation (eg. data loggers, automated preprocessing piping)
- EDP (EDD processing) tools to validate and correct data
- Integration with professional data analysis and decision support systems, eg. GIS, dashboards, statistical packages

Q&A and discussion session – a few key questions

- □ How are legacy datasets and newly collected ground data validated/managed in your Organizations/Institutions? What is the process governance?
- What are adopted practices as for data cleaning, validation, standardization and management? Any major bottlenecks and improvement needs?
- Data sharing challenges: technical and beyond (OS data? confidentiality concerns? institutional mandates limiting data accessibility?)
- □ How databases and information systems are integrated in the climate, environmental and water analysis/modelling processes?

Others ...

EMS (Environmental Monitoring System): general framework

Data collection (ground, laboratory)

Key features include:

- Database centered system
- Integrated web apps to validate data, populate, edit and visualize database content
- Open Source technology
- Flexible, database easy to be integrated with other OS and proprietary tools (GIS, dashboards, modelling tools)
- Application installable as both desktop or web client-server

EMS database: foundation of its conceptual schema

Hydro data model (CRWR, Un. of Austin, ESRI): the conceptual schema upon which the EMS database was designed and further extended

EMS database: implementation (core tables)

□ p (monitoring geometries), location of any geometry type (eg. meteo-climate station, lake)

tsType (measurement types), hosting variable names, media and units

□ ts (time series), hosting monitoring data

Implemented using the **Open Source relational and spatial database platform PostgreSQL/PostGIS**, developed by M. Stonebraker in Berkeley (CA, USA), freely accessible since 1979, operationally used to support massive geographic databases.

Software and documentation available at https://www.postgresql.fr

EMS: database implementation (extended)

□ Spatial data storage

- Flexible support to any relevant data (eg. meteo-climate, hydrology, quality)
- Support to environmental quality laws and international standards (eg. WHO, EC)
- □ Standardization of system tables
- Internationalization (multilanguage support)
- Support long-term monitoring operationalization
- Extendable, eg. to cover contract management

Commission

EMS (Environmental Monitoring System): locational data validation

WEFE SENEGAL

Data

Show 10 T

Select data file type
Location
Time series
User defined
Select MsExcel data file:
Browse No file selected
Select MsExcel template:
Browse No file selected
Validate input file vs. template
Partial upload
Upload to the database

	Data	Template	Result [DB] Me	asurement types				
	Show 10	 entries 					Search:	
		Pos 🍦	Column name	Data type	+ Require	d 🍦 Description	\$	Valid values list
	1	1	Code	TEXT (100)	Y	Monitoring point code		
	2	2	х	NUMERIC	Y	x coordinate		
- 8	3	3	Υ	NUMERIC	Y	y coordinate		
2///	4	4	Srid	INTEGER	Y	Spatial reference ID (as from EPS)	G) V	vl_srid.csv
	5	5	Туре	TEXT (100)	Y	Type of monitoring point	V	vl_type.csv
AU DEVELOPPEMENT	6	6	Note	TEXT (255)	Ν	Descriptive note		
	7	7	Provider	TEXT(100)	Y	Locational data provider		
Template	Showing 1	to 7 of 7 entr	ies					Previous 1 Next
0 v entries							Search:	
Code	÷		X \oplus	Y \Leftrightarrow	Srid 🌲	Туре 🔶	Note 🍦 F	Provider 🔶
AR0401			797306	1633620	32628	Monitoring point	CE	ERES
AR0402			797283	1633652	32628	Monitoring point	CE	ERES
AR0403			797232	1633741	32628	Monitoring point	CE	ERES
AR0404			797219	1633795	32628	Monitoring point	CE	ERES
AR0405			797085	1633954	32628	Monitoring point	CE	ERES
AR0406			797063	1633958	32628	Monitoring point	CE	ERES
AR0407			797209	1633914	32628	Monitoring point	CE	ERES
AR0408			797208	1633876	32628	Monitoring point	CE	ERES
AR0409			797225	1633810	32628	Monitoring point	CE	ERES
AR0410			797236	1633727	32628	Monitoring point	CE	ERES

EMS (Environmental Monitoring System): time series data validation

Template

Show 10 v entries

Result

[DB] Measurement types

Data

2 3 4

European Commission

Search:

EMS (Environmental Monitoring System): data tables editing

S Environmental data and law/EC	2 × +										- 🗆 ×
← → C √N ① 127.	.0.0.1:4130									r q	* 🔮 🔹 🖬 🛽 💩 🤨 🗄
B. Booking.com 💟 AliExpress in Italia	ano 🔕 Addons Store 🤱 Amazon.it 💼 eB	Bay 🛐 Facebook 💿 YouTube 🛅 Noteb	ook 💶 YouTube 🌻 Maps 👩 News	🗅 Stock 🗅 GIS 🗀 Edu 🗅 Program	nming 🕒 Video 🕒 Email 星 Sito V	Web ufficiale Ni 🗅 JRC 🕒 I	Data 🚱 🖀 Outlook Web App 🗅 Varie 🗅 Africa 🗅 Modelling 🗅 Travel	🗅 House 🗅 Job 🗅 Sport 🗅 People	🗅 Art 🗀 Holiday 🗅 Bike 🕒 EEA 🗀 Comics 🗠	Music 🗅 TV 🗅 TimeSeries 🗅	omi 🗅 Turin 🛛 » 📄 All Bookmarks
Errgean Commission	(SC) ems										
Intro Data Uploading	Data Editing Dashboard	System Setup									
+ Add Point 🕑 Edit Point	t 🛍 Delete C Refresh 🕒	Export i Info Tisplay sel	ected								
Monitoring Objects TS	S Type Time Series Type	Provider Language Par	ameters Media Unit	Param. alternate Family L	Law Use Law Limit	Overall measures Ov	verall measures (with lawlimit)				
 Visualise time series refe 	erring to points only						Measurement Type				
							ALDRIN (µg/kg) Fish		•		
Show 10 v entries											Search:
Object Code	Measurement Type	Recording Date	Measurement Date	Value str.	Value	e 🔶 Notes				Monitoring Frequency	Provider
All	All	All	All	All	All	All				All	All
ML09	ALDRIN (µg/kg) Fish	2024-02-24T19:08:44Z	2021-10-07T00:00:00Z	<2		1 reported code: 9 (Fé	lou Aval); the <loq (limit="" by="" info="" l<="" of="" quantification)="" replaced="" td="" the="" was=""><td>.OQ-value provided in a separate table in</td><td>he lab report (eg. <loq <0.0xx)<="" by="" replaced="" td=""><td>Day</td><td>LCV</td></loq></td></loq>	.OQ-value provided in a separate table in	he lab report (eg. <loq <0.0xx)<="" by="" replaced="" td=""><td>Day</td><td>LCV</td></loq>	Day	LCV
ML07	ALDRIN (µg/kg) Fish	2024-02-24T19:08:44Z	2021-10-06T00:00:00Z	<2		1 reported code: 7 (Go	purbassi); the <loq (limit="" by="" info="" l<="" of="" quantification)="" replaced="" td="" the="" was=""><td>OQ-value provided in a separate table in</td><td>he lab report (eg. <loq <0.0xx)<="" by="" replaced="" td=""><td>Day</td><td>LCV</td></loq></td></loq>	OQ-value provided in a separate table in	he lab report (eg. <loq <0.0xx)<="" by="" replaced="" td=""><td>Day</td><td>LCV</td></loq>	Day	LCV
ML12	ALDRIN (µg/kg) Fish	2024-02-24T19:08:44Z	2021-10-12T00:00:00Z	<2		1 reported code: 12 (C	Dualia); the <loq (limit="" by="" info="" loc<="" of="" quantification)="" replaced="" td="" the="" was=""><td>Q-value provided in a separate table in th</td><td>lab report (eg. <loq <0.0xx)<="" by="" replaced="" td=""><td>Day</td><td>LCV</td></loq></td></loq>	Q-value provided in a separate table in th	lab report (eg. <loq <0.0xx)<="" by="" replaced="" td=""><td>Day</td><td>LCV</td></loq>	Day	LCV
ML05	ALDRIN (µg/kg) Fish	2024-02-24T19:08:44Z	2021-10-01T00:00:00Z	<2		1 reported code: 5 (Ma	ahinamine); the <loq (limit="" by="" info="" of="" quantification)="" replaced="" td="" the<="" was=""><td>e LOQ-value provided in a separate table</td><td>n the lab report (eg. <loq <0.0xx)<="" by="" replaced="" td=""><td>Day</td><td>LCV</td></loq></td></loq>	e LOQ-value provided in a separate table	n the lab report (eg. <loq <0.0xx)<="" by="" replaced="" td=""><td>Day</td><td>LCV</td></loq>	Day	LCV
ML10	ALDRIN (µg/kg) Fish	2024-02-24T19:08:44Z	2021-10-11T00:00:00Z	<2		1 reported code: 10 (G	alougo); the <loq (limit="" by="" info="" l<="" of="" quantification)="" replaced="" td="" the="" was=""><td>OQ-value provided in a separate table in t</td><td>he lab report (eg. <loq <0.0xx)<="" by="" replaced="" td=""><td>Day</td><td>LCV</td></loq></td></loq>	OQ-value provided in a separate table in t	he lab report (eg. <loq <0.0xx)<="" by="" replaced="" td=""><td>Day</td><td>LCV</td></loq>	Day	LCV
ML03	ALDRIN (µg/kg) Fish	2024-02-24T19:08:44Z	2021-10-01T00:00:00Z	<2		1 reported code: 3 (Me	bussala); the <loq (limit="" by="" info="" l<="" of="" quantification)="" replaced="" td="" the="" was=""><td>OQ-value provided in a separate table in t</td><td>ne lab report (eg. <loq <0.0xx)<="" by="" replaced="" td=""><td>Day</td><td>LCV</td></loq></td></loq>	OQ-value provided in a separate table in t	ne lab report (eg. <loq <0.0xx)<="" by="" replaced="" td=""><td>Day</td><td>LCV</td></loq>	Day	LCV
ML06	ALDRIN (µg/kg) Fish	2024-02-24T19:08:44Z	2021-10-01T00:00:00Z	<2		1 reported code: 6 (Dj	idjan-barrage); the <loq (limit="" by<="" info="" of="" quantification)="" replaced="" td="" was=""><td>the LOQ-value provided in a separate tal</td><td>le in the lab report (eg. <loq <0.0xx)<="" by="" replaced="" td=""><td>Day</td><td>LCV</td></loq></td></loq>	the LOQ-value provided in a separate tal	le in the lab report (eg. <loq <0.0xx)<="" by="" replaced="" td=""><td>Day</td><td>LCV</td></loq>	Day	LCV
ML08	ALDRIN (µg/kg) Fish	2024-02-24T19:08:44Z	2021-10-07T00:00:00Z	<2		1 reported code: 8 (An	nbidédi); the <loq (limit="" by="" info="" l<="" of="" quantification)="" replaced="" td="" the="" was=""><td>OQ-value provided in a separate table in t</td><td>he lab report (eg. <loq <0.0xx)<="" by="" replaced="" td=""><td>Day</td><td>LCV</td></loq></td></loq>	OQ-value provided in a separate table in t	he lab report (eg. <loq <0.0xx)<="" by="" replaced="" td=""><td>Day</td><td>LCV</td></loq>	Day	LCV
ML02	ALDRIN (µg/kg) Fish	2024-02-24T19:08:44Z	2021-09-30T00:00:00Z	<2		1 replaced by <0.0XX)	aka-Saidou (Bafing Makana)); the <loq (limit="" info="" of="" quantification)="" td="" w<=""><td>as replaced by the LOQ-value provided in</td><td>a separate table in the lab report (eg. <loq< td=""><td>Day</td><td>LCV</td></loq<></td></loq>	as replaced by the LOQ-value provided in	a separate table in the lab report (eg. <loq< td=""><td>Day</td><td>LCV</td></loq<>	Day	LCV
ML01	ALDRIN (µg/kg) Fish	2024-02-24T19:08:44Z	2021-09-29T00:00:00Z	<2		1 reported code: 1 (Di	angola); the <loq (limit="" by="" info="" lc<="" of="" quantification)="" replaced="" td="" the="" was=""><td>Q-value provided in a separate table in t</td><td>e lab report (eg. <loq <0.0xx)<="" by="" replaced="" td=""><td>Day</td><td>LCV</td></loq></td></loq>	Q-value provided in a separate table in t	e lab report (eg. <loq <0.0xx)<="" by="" replaced="" td=""><td>Day</td><td>LCV</td></loq>	Day	LCV
Showing 1 to 10 of 24 entries											Previous 1 2 3 Next

EMS: dashboard case study for hydrology in Cape Town region

✓ ③ EMS Tool | Aquaknow × ④ Environmental data and law/EQ × H

→ C V/N @ 127.0.0.1:5906

□ Anomaly of low river discharges in the period pre-2018 Cape Town water crisis

Low river discharges around Theewaterskloof dam (limited extent of upperstream watershed and dam managment practices)

EMS: dashboard case study Senegal TRB environmental quality

Environmental quality monitoring network management and exploratory spatio-temporal analysis
 Exceedances of law/EQSs (Environmental Quality Standards)

(NITROGEN, NITRITE(up/I) Wer

Commission

Extending EMS: watersheds delineation and time series aggregation

Query upstream watersheds and aggregated CHIRPS from any starting watershed in QGIS or pgAdmin

1. Get watershed code from watershed100.tif

2. Get watershed id for selected watershed code code watershed

SELECT * FROM wam.ws_view WHERE code LIKE 'ws149008'

3. Get upstream watersheds or aggregated CHIRPS for selected watershed id

SELECT * **FROM** getUsChirps(172821)

/							
	Ruzizi	Niger					
Watersheds	96	13290					
Timesteps	495	495					
Watersheds x timestep	47520	6578550					

- □ Watersheds geometry and aggregated raster data (eg. CHIRPS) hosted in the EMS database
- □ Data and statistical info directly derived from database querying
- Mapping and exploratory spatial data analysis (eg. in QGIS, ArcGIS, R, dashboards): eg. rainfall distribution at a given date, at a given month through the entire dataset (mean, stddev), rainfall distribution yearly aggregated

EMS: live demo session

(SC) ems

Select data file
D Location
Time series

Validate input file vs. templa

(90)

Installation/registration, data validation, editing
 Dashboard

And beyond ... EMS installed to a client-server environment, main advantages being:

- □ Centralized database. Populate once, sharing data with all authorized people
- ² No need of local installation of the database nor of the application

Selected references

- Crestaz E., Veneziano V. and Gibin M., 2011. Spatio-temporal Environmental Monitoring Systems. A data management and delivery approach based on PostGIS database and Google Maps mashup. To be presented at MODFLOW and More 2011: Integrated Hydrologic Modeling, June 5 8, 2011, Denver, Colorado
- Crestaz E., 2013. Spatial Data Management in GIS and the Coupling of GIS and Environmental Models. Chapter in "GIS Fate & Transport modelling" (Eds Pistocchi A), Wiley Blackwell, Hoboken, NJ, USA
- Crestaz, E., Seliger, R., Cattaneo, L., Umlauf, G., Iervolino, A., Pastori, M., Marcos Garcia, P., Cordano, E., Carmona Moreno, C., 2022. Environmental Monitoring System: An open source information system with a case study over the transboundary Senegal River Basin, JRC Technical Report, Joint Research Centre, European Commission
- Kothuri, R., Godfrind, A., Beinat, E., 2004. Pro Oracle Spatial: The essential guide to developing spatially enabled business applications. APress, Berkeley, CA, USA
- Kresic N. and Stevanovic Z., 2009. Groundwater hidrology of springs: Engineering, Theory, Management and Sustainability. 1st Ed., Butterworth-Heinemann
- Maidment, D.R., 2002. Arc Hydro: GIS for Water Resources. ESRI Press, Redlands, CA, USA
- Obe, R.O., Hsu, L.S., 2010. PostGIS in Action. Manning Publications Co. Unedited Draft, last update: 27/5/2010. Available for purchase from: <u>http://www.manning.com/obe/</u>
- Ott T., Swiaczny F., 2001. Time-integrative Geographic Information Systems Management and Analysis of Spatio-Temporal Data. Springer Verlag, Berlin

Strassberg, G., Jones, N.L., Maidment, D.R., 2011. Arc Hydro Groundwater: GIS for Hydrogeology. ESRI Press, Redlands, CA, USA

Worboys M.F., 1995. GIS: A Computing Perspective. Taylor and Fancis, London, UK

21 Worboys M.F. and Duckman M., 2004. GIS: A Computing Perspective. 2nd Ed., Boca Raton, CRC Press

Acknowledgments

EMS development benefitted of many discussions and feedback. Particular acknowledges go to:

- □ Farinosi F., EU Delegation, Papua New Guinea
- □ Gibin M., UCL, London, UK
- □ Veneziano V., Hertfordshire Un., UK
- □ Crosta A., DHI-Italy and Schätzl P., DHI-WASY, Germany
- □ Pappafico G. and Tramontana M., Urbino Un., Italy
- □ Rossetto R., Scuola Superiore Sant'Anna di Pisa, Italy
- Habashi N., Ambrosini P., Saipem (ENI), Italy; Cascelli E. and Dellasanta L., Rewind (ENI), Italy; Pellegrini M., consultant, Italy

We would also like to thank SADC and the JRC colleagues involved in the CLIMSA project for the opportunity to organize this session and for sharing valuable views.

Thank you

© European Union 2024

Unless otherwise noted the reuse of this presentation is authorised under the <u>CC BY 4.0</u> license. For any use or reproduction of elements that are not owned by the EU, permission may need to be sought directly from the respective right holders.

